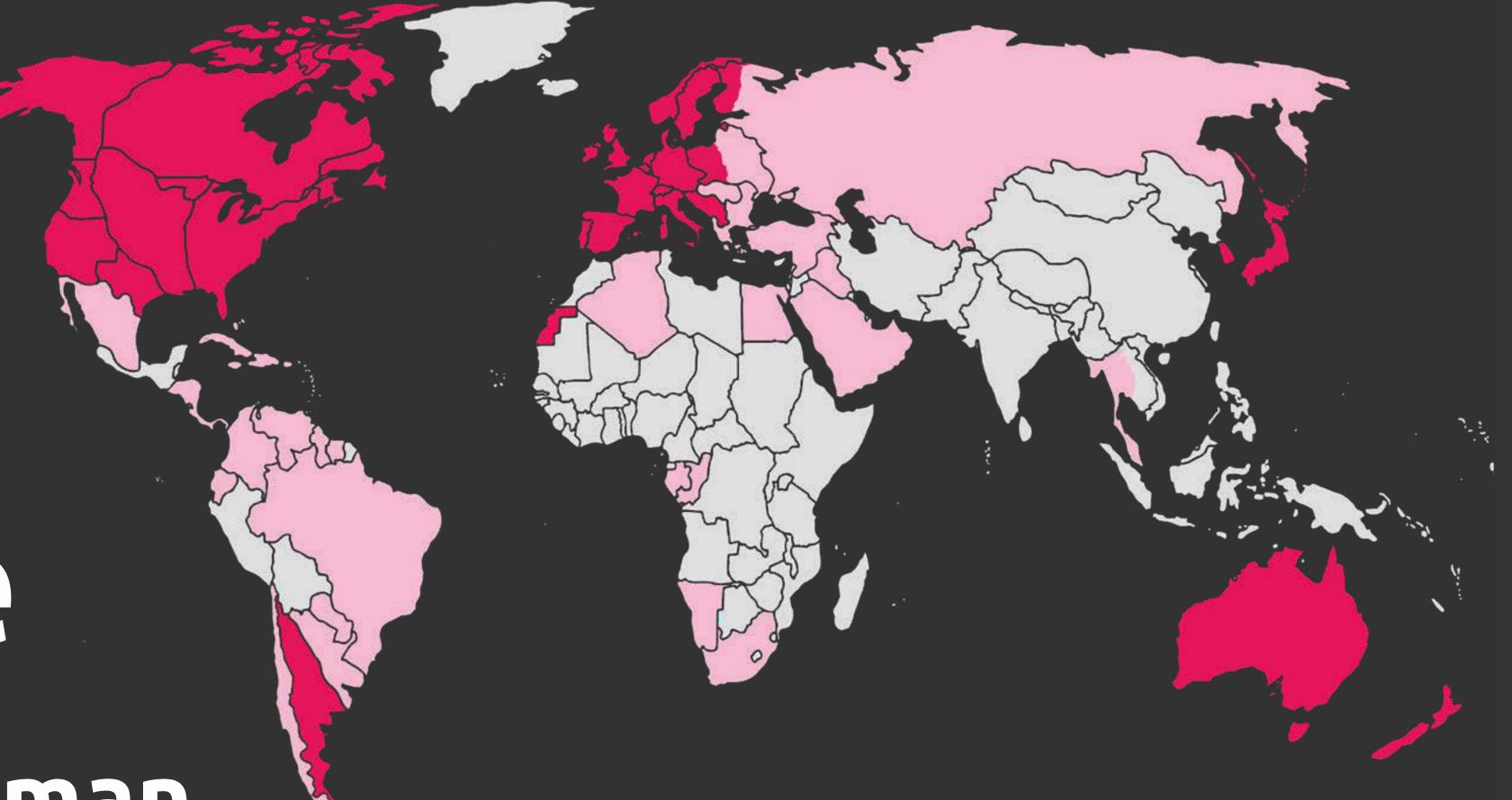


challenge

Huge lack of human blood reserves hold up Millions of surgeries in emerging economies.



Availability of blood reserves worldwide

< 5 Units on 1000 people

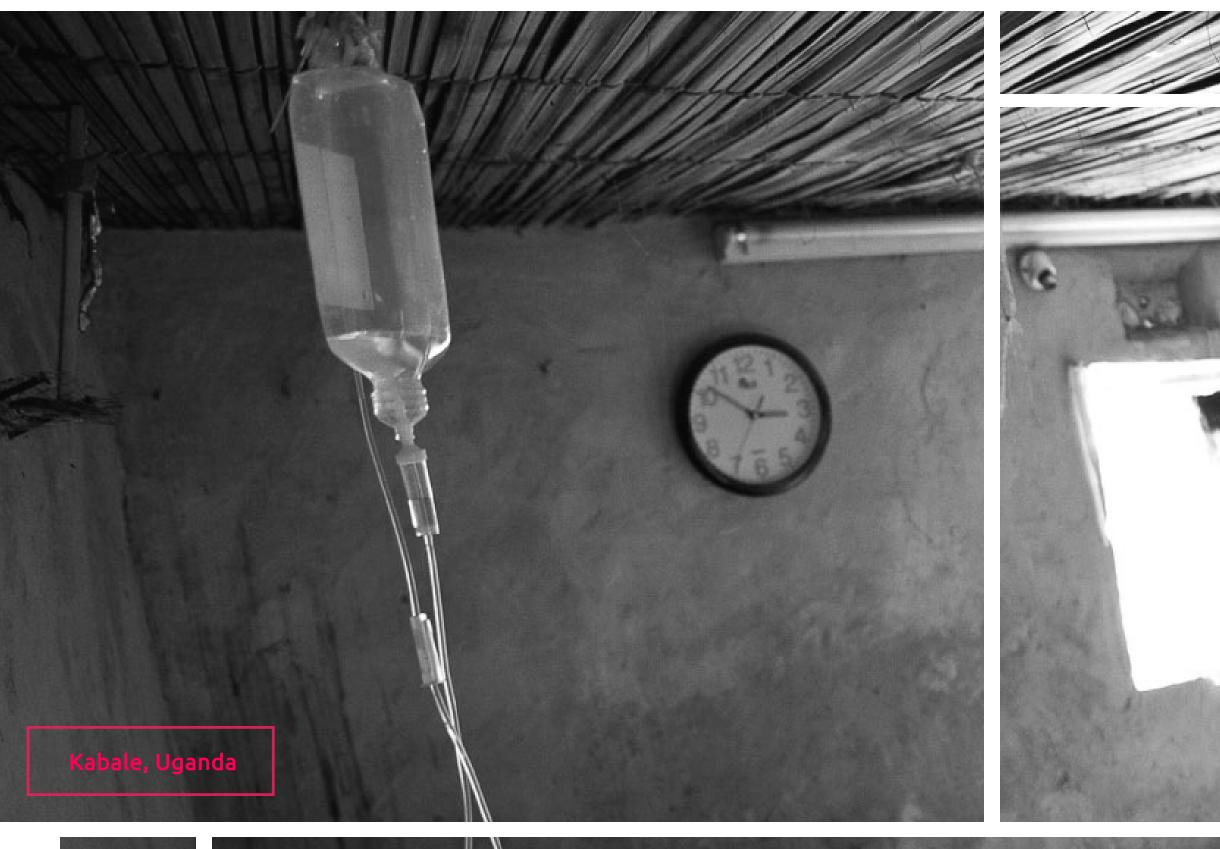
Over

40 Million people can not undergo surgery because the risk of bleeding to death.

*http://www.who.int/bloodsafety/en/Blood_Transfusion_Safety.pdf







In emerging economies 1.2 Million people died in 2015 of major bleeding during surgery.







Current Dractise



To safe lives, in countries with the lowest medical standards, surgents try to recycle the wound leaking blood.

In some nations there is currently no possibility to recyle the wound blood







In others, like Sub-Saharan Africa, the high risk 'soup-ladle' technique is used.

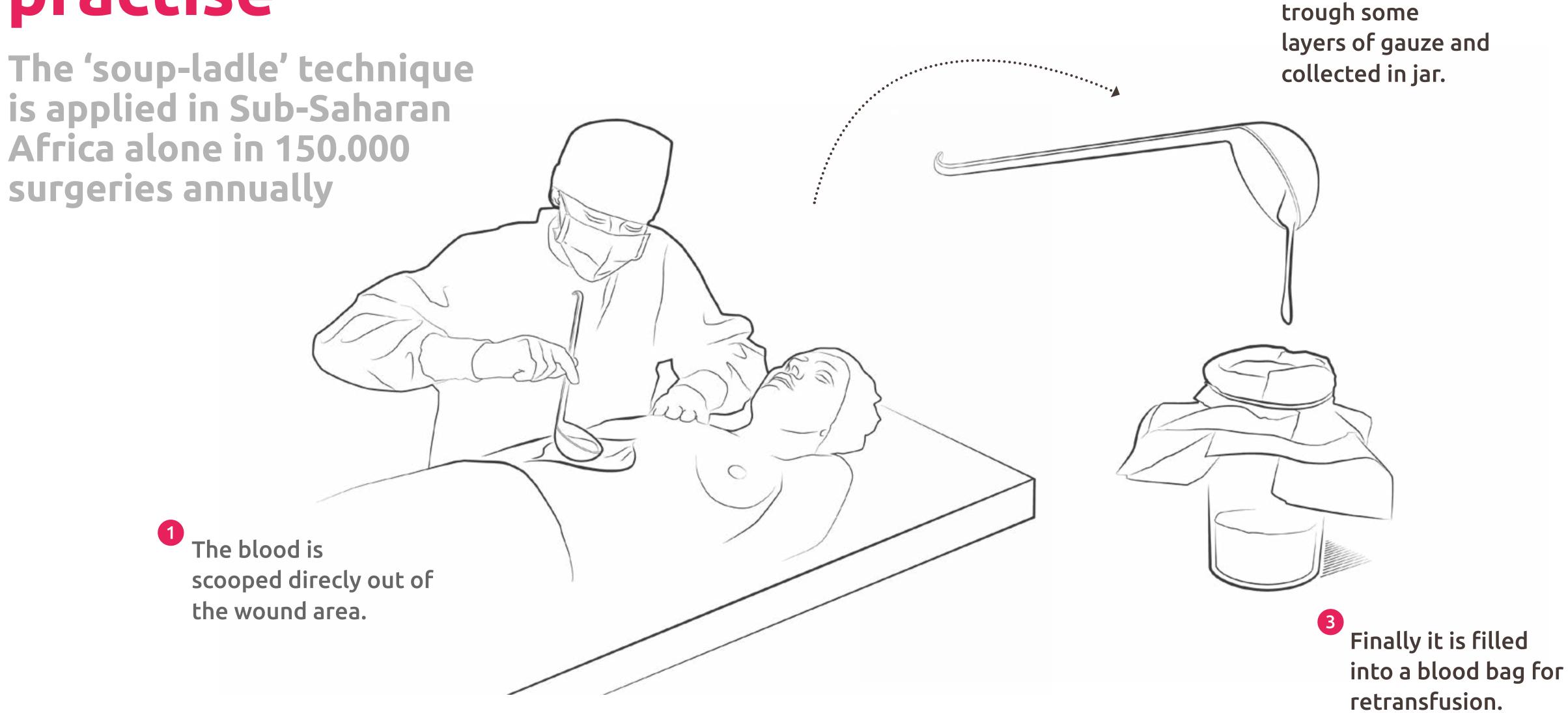
GOK - MOH

*www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC3218550





The current practise



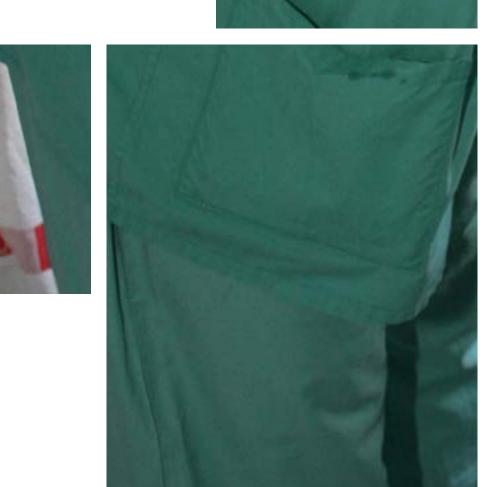
The blood is filtered

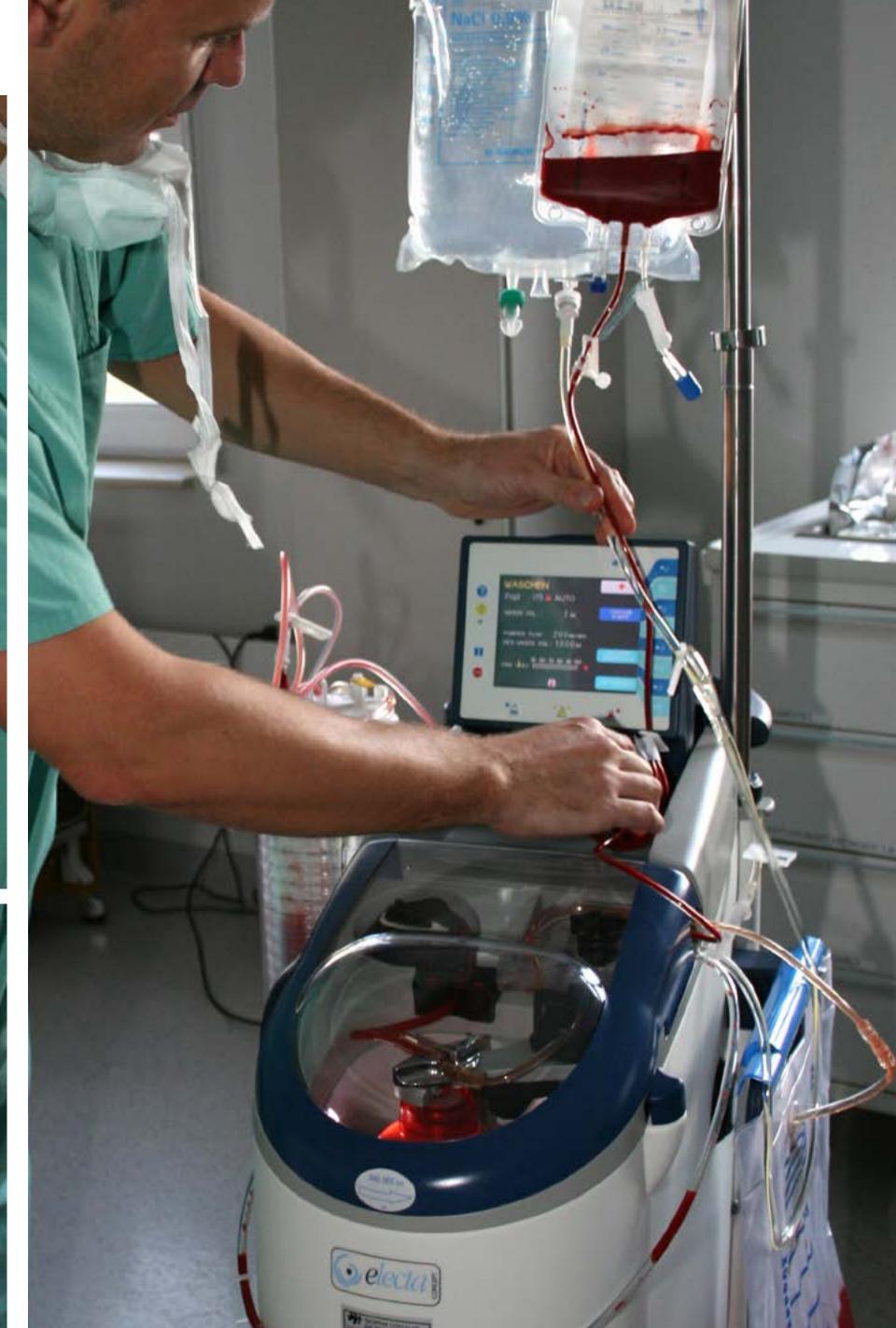


But is it actually possible to collect the leaking wound blood and give it back to the patient safely?

In high income countries modern maschines collect the blood, clean it and give it back to the patient.









What kind of light-tech solution could replace the unsafe 'soup-ladle' technique?

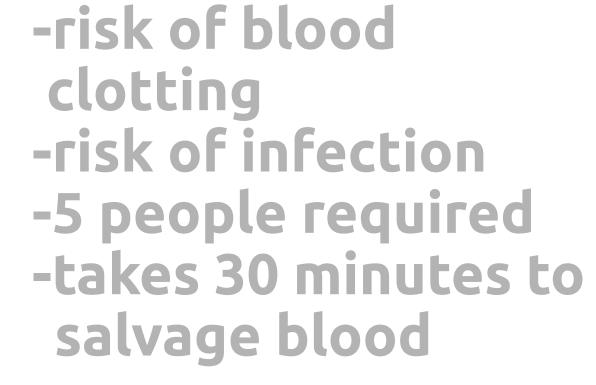


lack of blood reserves

- -expensive (about 70\$ for 1 blood unit)
- -single use
- -continuous supply
- -requires cooling



'soup-ladle' technique



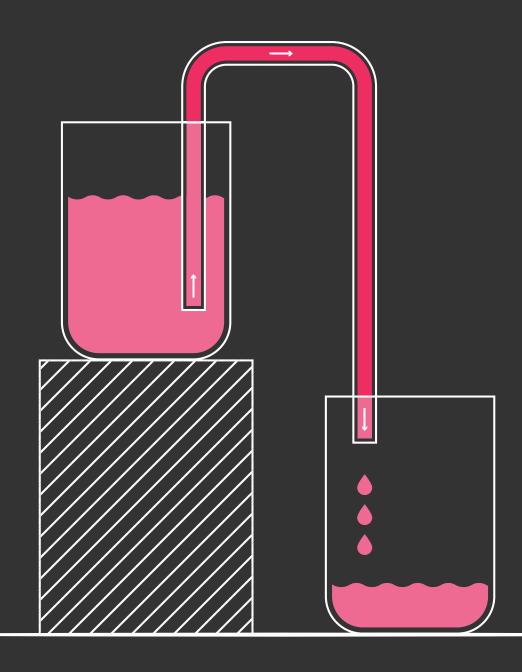


new effective solution

- -10\$ investment
- -reusable
- -sterilizable
- -mobile
- -filters clots and microaggregates
- -secure closed system
- -1 person required
- -takes 5 minutes to blood salvage



The simple physical principle of siphoning has let to the light-tech solution.



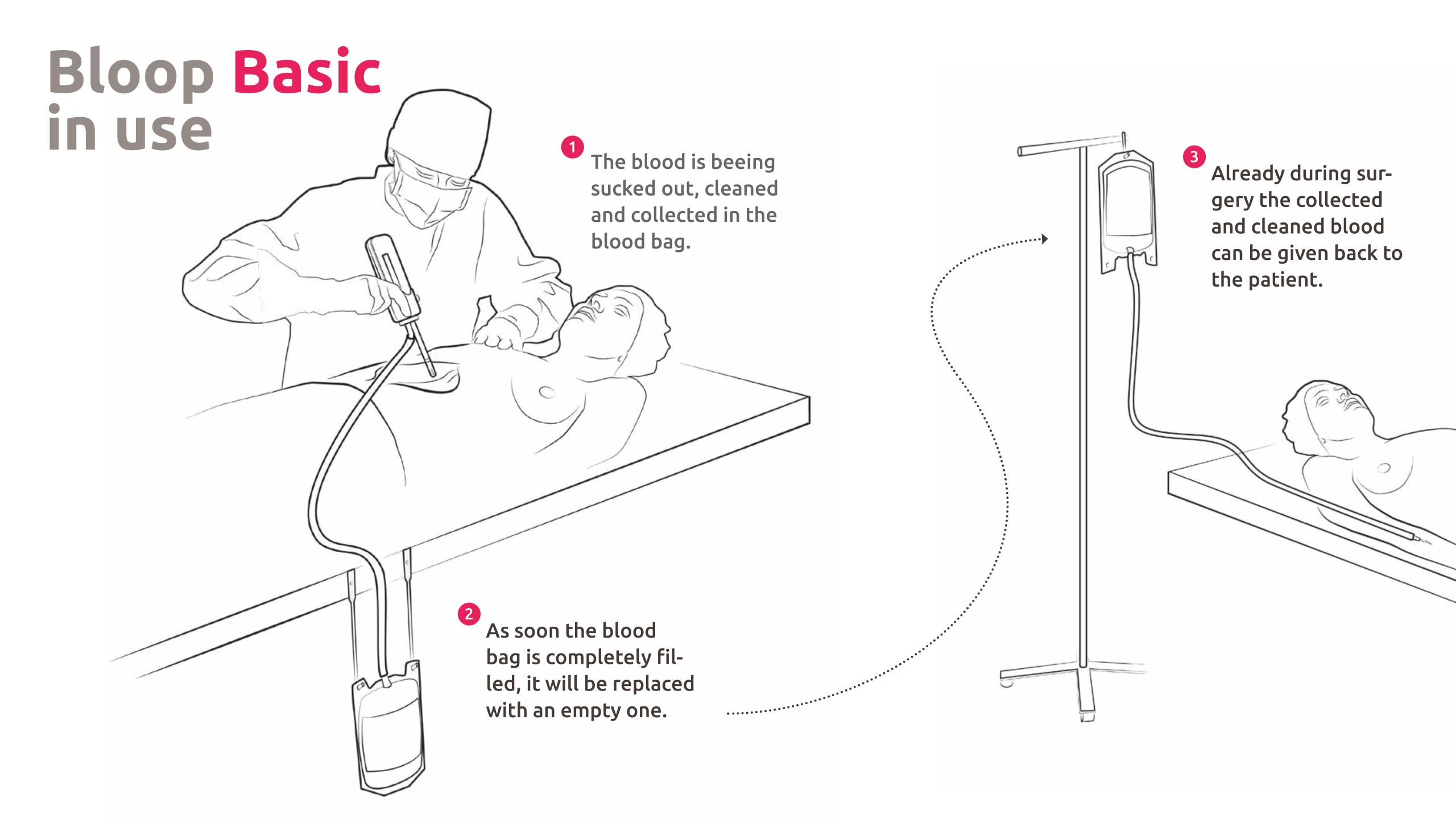


The reusable 10 Dollar device: bloop



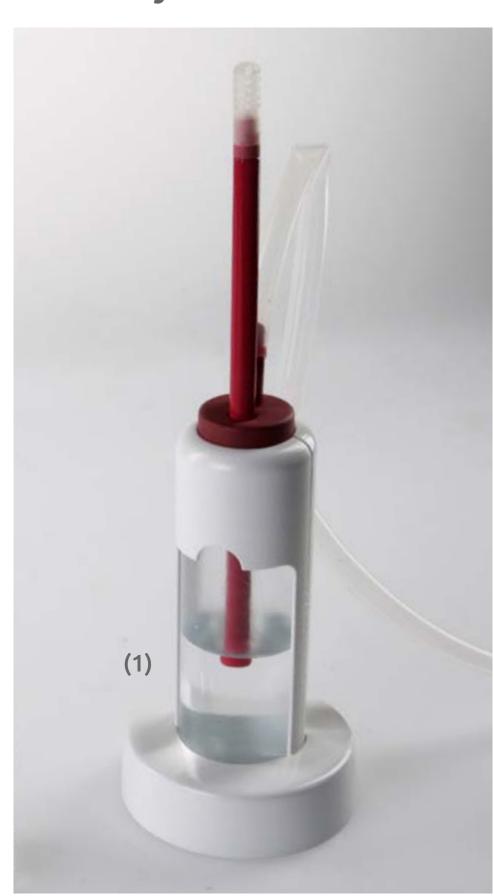






The process

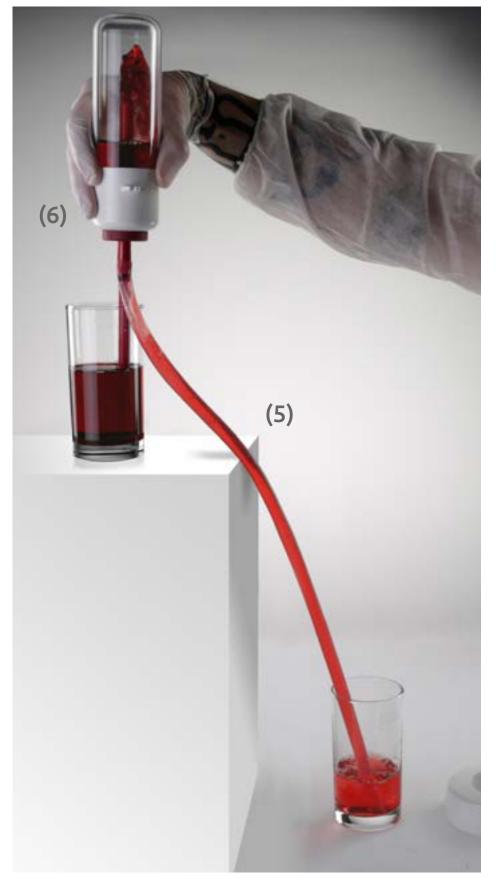
Blood thinning medicine (1) is already inside the vessel



of the device. As soon the hose (2) is disconnected from the clamp (3) the blood out the wound blood (6). thinning medicine will flow inside the empty blood bag (4). Due to this flowing



'Starter liquid', gravity (5) is created which starts to suck There is still the same liquid





level inside the vessel (7), so that a continuation of the suction process is possible anytime.



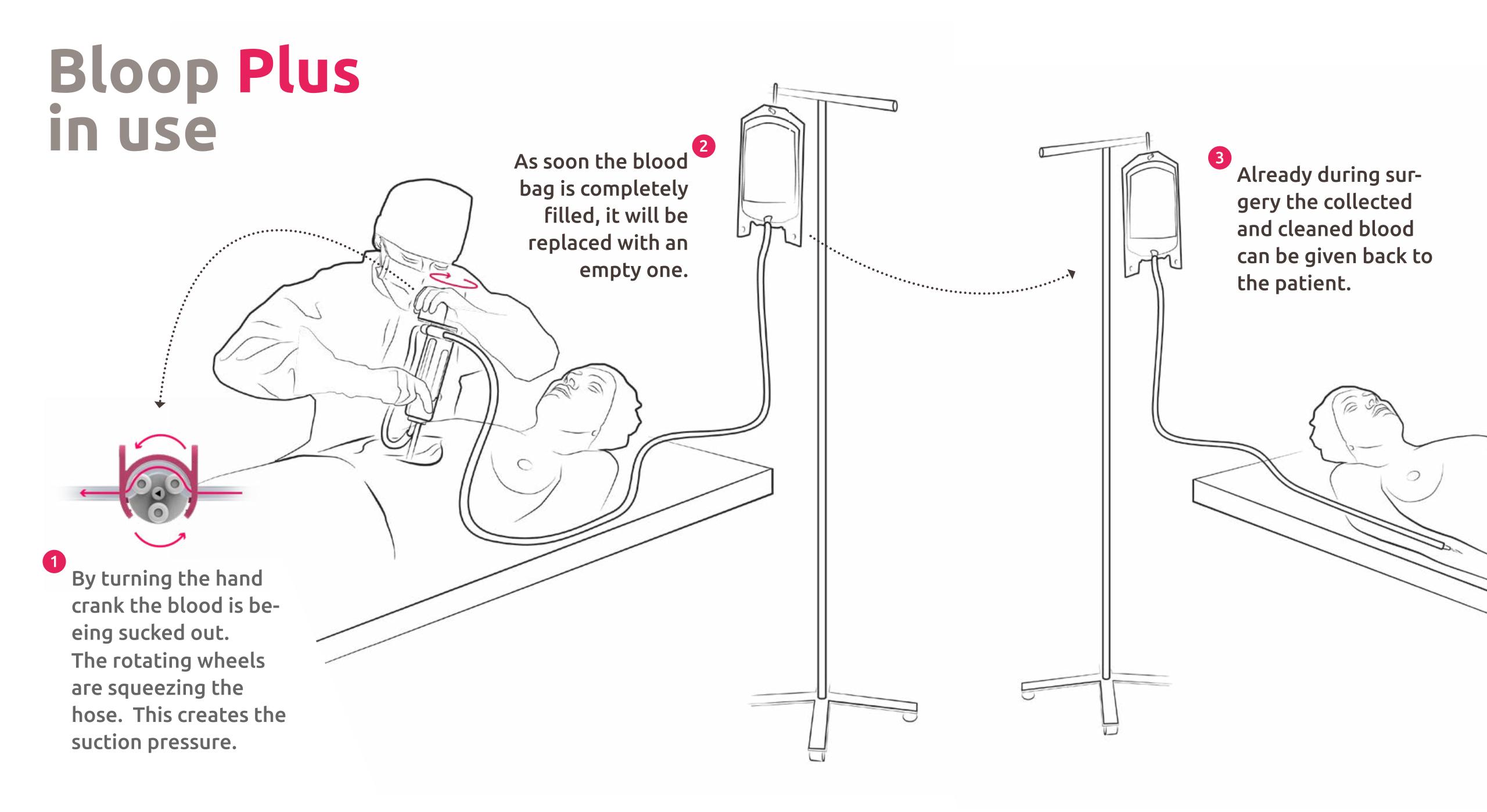
Bloop Plus: an extension module

For suction of even smaller amounts of blood

Works without 'starter liquid'

Ideal for mobile use





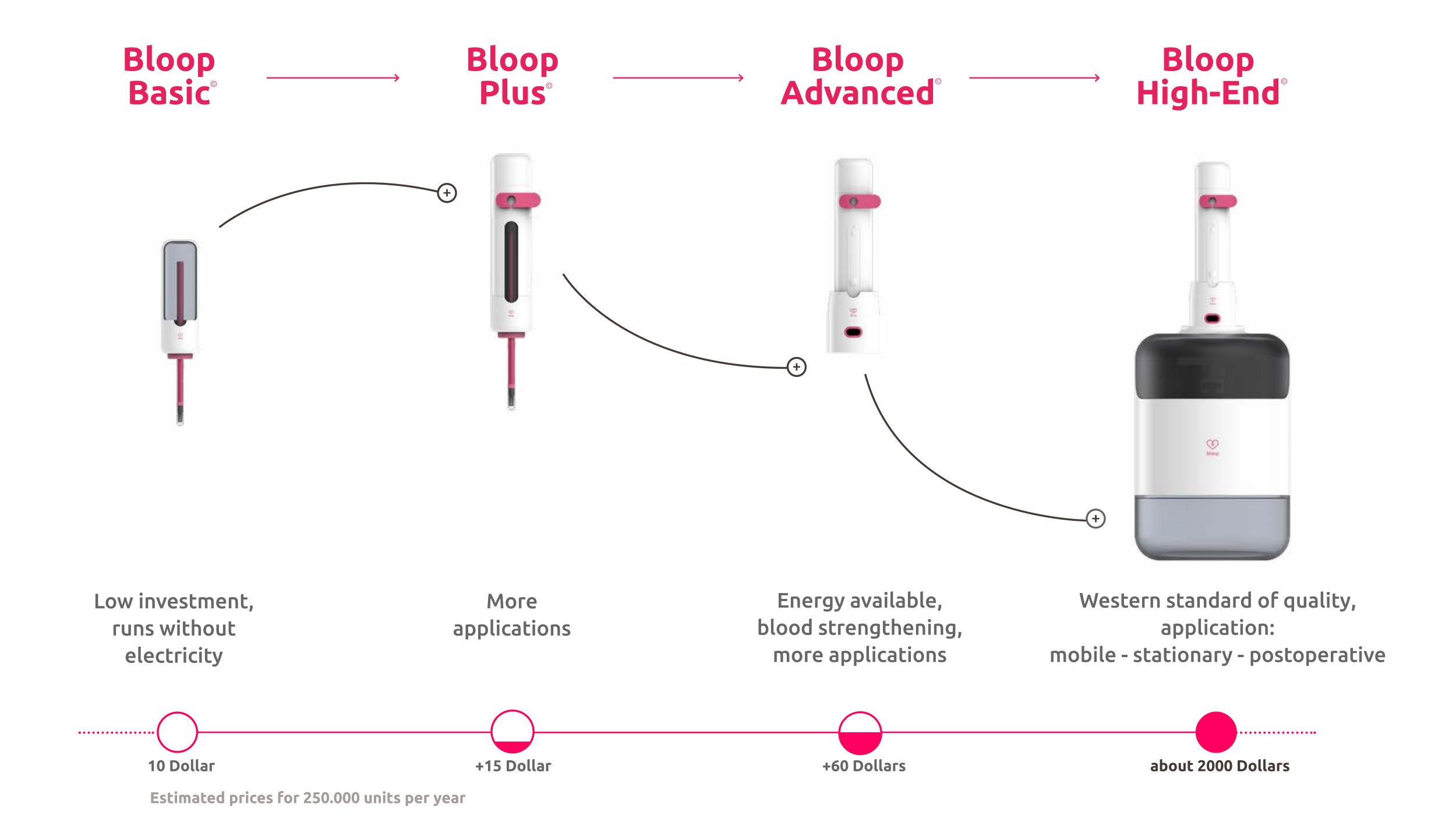
Bloop Plus components



Bloop Basic components blood flow Plug with holes for the pipes vessel Trays for secure closure hose clamp Discharge Suction Connector pipe Microaggregates and Clots Filter



With improved funding of medical facilities, Bloop can be extended to:





What will be the next steps for developing Bloop?

Plans for 2018

Plans for 2019

Prototyping with FDA materials

Fieldtesting

Bloop publicity campaign

Production and destribution of Bloop Basic and Bloop Plus

Building of partnerships

Thank you

for the attention!

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Final Project at

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Advisors:

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Prof. Susanne Schade (Product Design)
Prof. Sigmar Willnauer (Business)





